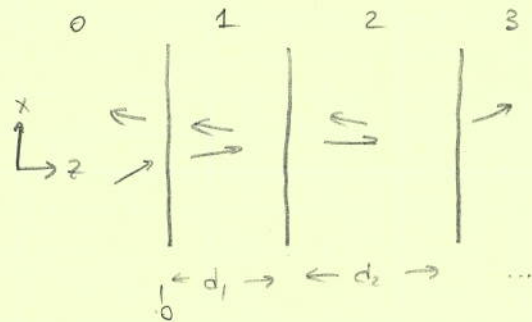


✓

Applications: Anti-reflective coatings
Filters
Low-observable
...



h-pol case

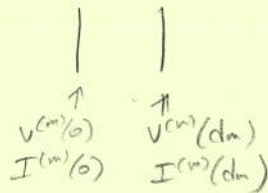
In the m th layer, the tangential field components are

$$E_y^{(m)} = \underbrace{(E_y^{(m)+} e^{-jk_m z})}_{\text{forward wave}} + \underbrace{(E_y^{(m)-} e^{jk_m z})}_{\text{reverse wave}} e^{-jk_x x} = V^{(m)}(z) e^{-jk_x x}$$

$$H_x^{(m)} = \frac{1}{z_{\perp}^{(m)}} (E_y^{(m)+} e^{-jk_m z} - E_y^{(m)-} e^{jk_m z}) e^{-jk_x x} = I^{(m)}(z) e^{-jk_x x}$$

$$z_{\perp}^{(m)} = \frac{z_F^{(m)}}{\cos \theta_m}$$

These expressions have the form of solutions to the 1D transmission line differential equations.



$$E_y^{(m)+}(0) e^{-jk_m z d_m} + E_y^{(m)-}(0) e^{jk_m z d_m} = V^{(m)}(d_m)$$

$$E_y^{(m)+}(0) e^{-jk_m z d_m} - E_y^{(m)-}(0) e^{jk_m z d_m} = z_{\perp}^{(m)} I^{(m)}(d_m)$$

$$E_y^{(m)+}(0) + E_y^{(m)-}(0) = V^{(m)}(0) \quad [m] = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \phi & -\sin \phi \\ \sin \phi & \cos \phi \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} V \\ I \end{bmatrix}$$

$$E_y^{(m)+}(0) - E_y^{(m)-}(0) = z_{\perp}^{(m)} I^{(m)}(0) \quad [0] = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} V \\ I \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \begin{bmatrix} V^{(m)}(0) \\ z_{\perp}^{(m)} I^{(m)}(0) \end{bmatrix} &= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} e^{-j\phi} & e^{j\phi} \\ e^{j\phi} & -e^{-j\phi} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} V^{(m)}(d_m) \\ z_{\perp}^{(m)} I^{(m)}(d_m) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} e^{-j\phi} & e^{j\phi} \\ e^{j\phi} & -e^{-j\phi} \end{bmatrix}^{-1} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} V \\ I \end{bmatrix} \\ &= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -e^{j\phi} & -e^{-j\phi} \\ -e^{-j\phi} & e^{j\phi} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} V^{(m)}(d_m) \\ z_{\perp}^{(m)} I^{(m)}(d_m) \end{bmatrix} \\ &= \begin{bmatrix} \cos \phi & \sin \phi \\ \sin \phi & \cos \phi \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} V \\ I \end{bmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

So,

$$\begin{bmatrix} V^{(m)}(0) \\ I^{(m)}(0) \end{bmatrix} = \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} \cos k_m z d_m & ; z^{+(m)} \sin k_m z d_m \\ \frac{j}{z^{+(m)}} \sin k_m z d_m & \cos k_m z d_m \end{bmatrix}}_{A^{\perp(m)}} \begin{bmatrix} V^{(m)}(d_m) \\ I^{(m)}(d_m) \end{bmatrix}$$

We can solve the structure using

$$\begin{bmatrix} V(0) \\ I(0) \end{bmatrix} = \underbrace{A^{\perp(1)} A^{\perp(2)} \dots A^{\perp(n)}}_{A^{\perp}} \begin{bmatrix} V(d) \\ I(d) \end{bmatrix}$$

In region $n+1$, there is no forward wave, so $V(d) = z^{+(n+1)} I(d)$, and

$$\begin{bmatrix} V(0) \\ I(0) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} A_{11}^{\perp} & A_{12}^{\perp} \\ A_{21}^{\perp} & A_{22}^{\perp} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} z^{+(n+1)} I(d) \\ I(d) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$z^{\perp(0)} = \frac{V(0)}{I(0)} = \frac{A_{11}^{\perp} z^{+(n+1)} + A_{12}^{\perp}}{A_{21}^{\perp} z^{+(n+1)} + A_{22}^{\perp}}$$

This is the input impedance of the structure in the $+$ -line analogy. So,

$$R^{\perp} = \frac{z^{\perp(0)} - z^{+(0)}}{z^{\perp(0)} + z^{+(0)}}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} V(0) \\ I(0) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 + R^{\perp} \\ \frac{1 - R^{\perp}}{z^{\perp(0)}} \end{bmatrix} = A^{\perp} \begin{bmatrix} V(d) \\ I(d) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} T^{\perp} \\ T^{\perp}/z^{+(n+1)} \end{bmatrix} = A^{\perp -1} \begin{bmatrix} 1 + R^{\perp} \\ \frac{1 - R^{\perp}}{z^{\perp(0)}} \end{bmatrix}$$

V-poi

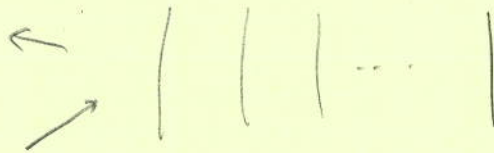
$$E^{(m)} = \int V^{(m)}(z) e^{-jk_x x} dz + (\dots)$$

$$H^{(m)} = \int I^{(m)}(z) e^{-jk_x x} dy$$

$$V^{(m)}(z) = E_{x_0}^{(m+)} e^{-jk_{nz} z} + E_{x_0}^{(m-)} e^{jk_{nz} z}$$

$$I^{(m)}(z) = \frac{1}{Z^{(m)}} (E_{x_0}^{(m+)} e^{-jk_{nz} z} - E_{x_0}^{(m-)} e^{jk_{nz} z})$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} V^{(0)} \\ I^{(0)} \end{bmatrix} = A^{(1)} \dots A^{(n)} \begin{bmatrix} V^{(d)} \\ I^{(d)} \end{bmatrix}$$



$\frac{d}{dz}$

$$\vec{E}^i(0) = \left(\underbrace{E_{x_0}^{(0+)}}_I + \underbrace{E_{x_0}^{(0-)}}_R \right) e^{-jk_x x} dz + (\dots)$$

$$V^i(0) = I + R$$

$$H^i(0) = \frac{1}{Z^{(0)}} \left(\underbrace{E_{x_0}^{(0+)}}_I - \underbrace{E_{x_0}^{(0-)}}_R \right) e^{-jk_x x} dy$$

$$E(d) = \left(\underbrace{E_{x_0}^{(n+)+}}_T e^{-jk_{nz} d} + \underbrace{E_{x_0}^{(n+)-}}_0 e^{jk_{nz} d} \right) e^{-jk_x x} dz + (\dots)$$

$$H(d) = \frac{1}{Z^{(n)}} \left(\begin{matrix} T \\ T \end{matrix} \right)$$

$$V^i(d) = T$$

$$I^i(d) = T / Z^{(n)}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} I + R \\ \frac{I - R}{Z^{(0)}} \end{bmatrix} = A \begin{bmatrix} T \\ T / Z^{(n)} \end{bmatrix}$$